Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,168. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 16. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

University of Edinburgh.

THE Classes for the different Branches of Education will be opened the ensuing Session as follows:—The Rev. GEORGE BAIRD, D.D. Principal.

I.—LITERATURE & PHILOSOPHY.

Classes.	Days and Hours of Opening.	Professors.
First Humanity or Latin	Mon. Oct. 14. 8 and 12.	Dr Hill
Second Humanity	Tues. Nov. 12. 11.	
First Greek	Mon. Oct. 21. 10 and 1.	Mr Dalzel
Second Greek	Tues. Nov. 12. 8 and 2.	
First Mathematical	Tues. Oct. 29. 12.	Mr Playfair
Second Mathematical	Tues. Nov. 12. 9.	
Third Mathematical	—— ——	
First Logic	Tues. Nov. 12. 1.	Dr Finlayson
Second Logic	Wed. Dec. 4. 10.	
First Moral Philosophy	Tues. Nov. 12. 12.	Mr Stewart
Second Moral Philos.	Tues. Nov. 26. ——	
Natural Philosophy	Wed. Oct. 30. 11.	Dr Robison
Rhetoric and Belles Lettres	—— ——	Dr Blair
Universal History	Wed. Nov. 13. 2.	Mr Fraser Tytler
Agriculture	Wed. Nov. 20. 3.	Dr Coventry

II.—THEOLOGY.

Divinity Hall	Tues. Nov. 19. 11.	Dr Hunter
Church History	Tues. Nov. 19. ——	Mr Meiklejohn
Hebrew	Wed. Nov. 20. 10.	Dr Moodie
Persic	Mon. Oct. 21.	

III.—LAW.

Institutes & Pandects of the Civil Law	Tues. Nov. 12. 8 and 3.	Mr Wilde
Scots Law	Tues. Nov. 12. 1.	Mr Hume
Public Law, & Law of Nature & Nations	—— ——	Mr Hamilton

IV.—MEDICINE.

Anatomy & Surgery	Wednesday, Oct. 30.	1	Dr Monro
Chemistry & Chemical Pharmacy		10	Dr Hope
Dietetics, Materia Medica, & Pharmacy		8	Dr James Home
Theory of Physic		11	Dr Duncan
Practice of Physic		9	Dr Gregory
Theory and Practice of Midwifery		3	Dr Hamilton

CLINICAL LECTURES on the Cases of Patients in the Royal Infirmary, by Dr DUNCAN and Dr RUTHERFORD, upon Tuesday and Friday, at 5 o'clock in the evening—the 1st lecture by Dr DUNCAN on Tuesday Nov. 12.

Dr RUTHERFORD will begin a COURSE of BOTANY in May 1800.

About the same Time, Dr WALKER will begin a COURSE of NATURAL HISTORY.

VIRGINIA STAVES FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by auction, on Thursday first, the 19th current, at twelve o'clock, in a Yard back of the Assembly Rooms, Leith,

TWELVE THOUSAND BARREL, & FOUR THOUSAND HOGSHED STAVES, imported per the Trial, Captain Howland, of excellent quality, and in such lots as purchasers may incline. *Leith, Sept. 14. 1799.*

DAY OF SALE FIXED.

SUGAR,

Per the Moreland and Roselle, from Jamaica.

WILLIAM SIBBALD & CO.

Will expose to sale by auction, on Tuesday the 24th curt. at 11 o'clock forenoon, at Mrs Blackhall's Coffeeroom, Leith,

ABOUT EIGHT HUNDRED HOGSHEADS, with some Tierces and Barrels of SUGAR, to be put up in Lots of from One to Five Hogsheads.

A great part of the Sugars are of finest quality.

N. B. William Sibbald and Co. have for sale a considerable quantity of Rum, Coffee, Pimento, Logwood, Fustic, and Cotton Wool.

TOBACCO, &c. FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public auction, at our Counting-house, head of Virginia Street, on Wednesday the 25th current, at twelve o'clock noon precisely,

ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY HHDS. GEORGIA TOBACCO, thirty-eight whole and fourteen half barrels CAROLINA RICE, and two casks NEW ORLEANS INDIGO. Also, to close a consignment, thirty-five bales first quality and eleven bales stained SEA-ISLAND GEORGIA COTTON WOOL.

Fresh samples of the Tobacco (lying at Greenock,) will be drawn on the 19th and 20th, when intending purchasers may see it stripped.

Samples of the whole and terms of sale to be seen at the counting-house, on the Monday and Tuesday preceding.

ARCHD. CAMPBELL & CO.

Glasgow, 10th September, 1799.

PRIZE VESSELS FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public auction, at the Office of Ramsay, Williamson, and Co. Leith, on Thursday the 26th current, at twelve o'clock noon,

FIVE FLEMISH FISHING VESSELS,

From 40 to 60 Tons,

WITH THEIR CARGOES,

Consisting of about 360 Barrels of Salted Cod Fish, and a quantity of Salt, all captured in the North Sea, and brought to Leith by his Majesty's sloop of war Victor, and the Rose cutter.

RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, & CO. Agents.

FOR NEW YORK,

The American Brigantine

TRIAL,

GILBERT HOWLAND Master,

Will be ready to take in Goods by 16th, and to sail 22d current.

The Trial is 136 tons per register, sails remarkably fast, being only 34 days from Virginia to Leith, on her first voyage, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to Capt. Howland on board, or Robert Grieve, Leith. *Leith, Sept. 1799.*

FOR HAMBURGH,

And to return to Leith,

THE JEAN,

JOHN KELLIE Master,

(A fine new vessel, built for the trade, has good accomodation for passengers,) will positively sail first convoy, expected very soon, and having two-thirds of her cargo engaged. It is requested that shippers will order their goods immediately.——Apply to John Scougall and Son.

Leith, Sept. 12. 1799.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,

GLASGOW PACKET,

WM. HALL Master,

Will take in goods till Wednesday evening, at five o'clock, when she will sail.

Union Shipping Co's. Office, Leith, Sept. 16. 1799.

UNIVERSITY OF ST ANDREWS.

ON TUESDAY, 22d October 1799, the Public Greek and Public Latin Classes in the United College will be opened; and on Wednesday 6th November, all the other Classes:

The Public and Private Latin Classes,	by Prof. HUNTER.
The Public and Private Greek Classes,	by Prof. HILL.
The Classes for Logic and Rhetoric, and for the Pratice of Composition and Eloquence,	by Prof. BARRON.
The Moral Philosophy Class,	by Prof. COOK.
The Natural Philosophy Class,	by Dr. ROTHERAM.
The First and Second Mathematical Classes; also a Third for the several Branches of Practical Mathematics,	by Prof. VILANT.
The Civil History Class,	by Dr. ADAMSON.
The Classes for Anatomy and Medicine,	by Dr FLINT.
The Classes for the French Language, and for Drawing,	by Mr LA GRANDIERRE

And, on the first Tuesday of November, the Foundation Bursaries will be disposed of, as usual, by Comparative trial.

MID LOTHIAN INCOME TAX.

WE, the Commissioners of Appeal for the County, City, and County of the City of Edinburgh, hereby intimate to all who may be aggrieved by Assessments made by virtue of an act of his present Majesty, entituled, "An Act "to repeal the duties imposed by an act made in the last Ses- "sion of Parliament for granting an aid and contribution for "the prosecution of the war, and to make more effectual pro- "vision for the like purpose, by granting certain duties upon "Income in lieu of said duties," That such persons will fall to lodge with Thomas Gloag, W. S. our clerk, at the county of Edinburgh Income Tax Office, their grounds of appeal, together with the notification of their assessment, delivered them by the Collector, within 14 days from the date of such notification, when the Commissioners will proceed to determine the same in terms of the Act.

ANDREW WAUCHOPE.
ALEX FRASER TYTLER.
JOHN WAUCHOPE.

County of Edinburgh, Income Tax Office, 16th Sept. 1799.

ARGYLLSHIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Freeholders of Argyllshire, that the MICHAELMASS HEAD COURT for the said Shire falls to be held this year, upon Tuesday the 15th day of October next, and that a claim has been lodged in my hands, for the enrollment of

Alexander M'Donald, Esq. of Largie.

ARCH. CAMPBELL, Sheriff Clerk.

Inveraray, 10th Sept. 1799.

COUNTY OF INVERNESS.

INTIMATION is hereby made, that the Michaelmas Head Court of the shire of Inverness is to be held upon Tuesday the 1st day of October next, within the Court-House of Inverness, and that a claim has been duly lodged for

James Shaw, Esq. of Muirtown,

Claiming to be inrolled among the Freeholders of the county.

Inverness—Sept. 7. LOCKHART KINLOCH.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

MR LIVINGSTON of Parkhall, requests that no Gentleman will shoot on his Estates in the parishes of Polmont, Muiravonside, and Falkirk, without his permission in writing. The tenants have particular orders to pay attention to this.

Poachers and other unqualified persons will be prosecuted.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

SIR JAMES GRANT'S HOUSE and OFFICES in Canongate.—Entry now or at Martinmas.

Apply to Alexander Grant, W. S. Argyle Square.

Mr Wallace, mason, first door below the Canongate Church, will shew the premisses.

EXTENSIVE FARM IN SUTHERLANDSHIRE.

TO LET,

THE MAINS of STRATHY, lying on the sea-coast, comprehending a large extent of arable and pasture grounds, besides extensive grazings, admirably calculated for sheep. Entry at Whitsunday next.

Proposals will be received by the proprietor, by Mr Alexander Paterson, agent for the Bank of Scotland, at Thurso, and by Mr James Finlay, writer in Edinburgh, and such proposals as are not accepted will be concealed, if desired.

FARM IN MID LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1800,

THE Farm called NEWFARM, with Ross's Park and Baillie's Park, containing about 172 acres Scots measure, all inclosed and divided into different inclosures, most of them well sheltered by plantations.

Almost the half of the lands is of a dry soil, well adapted to the turnip husbandry; and so favourable a situation for a farm is seldom to be met with, being little more than twelve miles from Edinburgh, on the Glasgow Road by Mid Calder, within a short distance of that village, and within less than two miles of the Camps Limekilns, where lime and limeshells of the best quality may be had at all seasons of the year and to which there is good access by a level turnpike road.

The proprietor has also a considerable tract of rich dry pasture land, in separate inclosures, adjoining the farm; all, or a part of which, after the year 1801, may be added to it.

James Downs, at Calder House, will show the lands. And offers for a lease may be given in to Mr Sandilands, writer to the signet, North St Andrew's Street, Edinburgh; and such offers as are not accepted of will be concealed.

As several offers have already been received, if any other offers are meant to be made, it is requested that they be lodged with Mr Sandilands, before Monday the 7th of October, when those not accepted of will be returned to their respective offerers.

SMALL FARM NEAR EDINBURGH TO LET.

To be SET for twelve years from Martinmas next,

THAT PART of the LANDS of DEAN, lying in the parish of St Cuthberts, and between the Dean and Stockbridge, and consisting of about 28 acres of excellent land, all inclosed. The present rent is only about 60l. and the premisses will be let either for payment of a grassum, or an additional yearly rent. The tenant will have an opportunity of purchasing the present crop and stocking at a reasonable price.

The ground will be shown by William Fife, at Stockbridge, and proposals in writing may be lodged with Mr James Walker W. S. George Street.

EAST LOTHIAN.

TO LET,

THE FARM of PLEWLANDHILL, Part of the Estate of Leaston, for such a number of years as may be agreed upon.

The lands are all in high condition, and may be entered to Martinmas next.

The MANSION-HOUSE of LEASTON will also be Let, Furnished or Unfurnished, with the Pigeon-house, Garden, Coach-house, and Stable, and such a quantity of Ground as the tenant may incline, may be had from the tenant of the Mains, at a valuation.

For particulars apply to Alexander Grant, W. S. Edinburgh; and John Allan, at Leaston, will shew the premisses.

FARMS IN FIFE.

To be LET for such number of years as may be agreed upon, the entry to be at Martinmas 1800,

THE FARM of REDHOUSE, lying in the parish of Auchterderran, and county of Fife.

This farm consists of above 200 Scots acres, mostly inclosed with stone dykes; and the soil is capable of great improvement, being in the near neighbourhood of coal and lime. There are good roads to it from the towns of Dysart, Kirkcaldy, and Kinghorn; the distance from each of them betwixt four and five miles.

The tenant will show the lands; and offers in writing to be given in to Mr John Reddie, the proprietor, at Dysart.

WANTED

FOR THE ISLAND OF JAMAICA,

TWO YOUNG MEN, CARPENTERS, one of them for a Millwright to superintend a gang of Carpenters, negroes—the other is for a Cattle Penn, fifty miles back, in a healthy part where the yellow fever was never known. Likewise a young man bred to the farming business. If a Judge of Stock, so much the better. They must be well recommended

Apply to ROBERT ALLAN, banker, or to the subscriber a Douglas's Lodgings. CHARLES GRAHAM.

Edinburgh, September 16, 1799.

OFFICE FOR SICK AND WOUNDED SEAMEN.

APRIL 10. 1797.

THERE being a want of SURGEONS MATES to serve in his Majesty's Navy, the Commissioners for Sick and Wounded Seamen do hereby give notice to such Gentlemen as are willing to serve therein, That they may, on application at this Office, receive letters for examination before the Surgeon's Company of London; or, if more agreeable to the parties, by applying to Dr Hamilton of the Royal Infirmary at Edinburgh, they may receive letters for examination before the Royal College of Surgeons at that place, and afterwards be appointed to ships according to their qualifications.

His Majesty has been pleased to direct, by his order in Council, dated 28th May 1795, that the pay of Surgeons Mates should be increased; and the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have, by their order of the 19th of November 1796, directed that further encouragement should be given, the particulars of which may be known by applying to Dr Hamilton, as above, or to Mr Wood, Surgeon to Prisoners of War at Edinburgh.

INN TO LET,

Entry at Martinmas next.

THAT well known and well frequented INN, situated in the Grassmarket, Edinburgh, belonging to and possessed by Matthew Baillie, who is to retire from business.

This Inn is excellently situated, and highly adapted for carrying on an advantageous and extensive business. There are attached to it stables for 54 horses, hay-lofts, &c. &c.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

TO BE LET,

For any number of years not exceeding twelve, and entered to at Martinmas next, 1799,

THE HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES of BALGARVIE, situated in the parishes of Cupar and Monimeal, and county of Fife.

The house is modern, large, and elegant, and is fit to accommodate any family.

A lessee may have also about forty acres of rich ground, inclosed and laid down in contiguous grass fields.

For further particulars apply to Edward Bruce, clerk to the Signet.

Joseph Low, gardener at Balgarvie, will show the premises.

VILLA IN THE VICINITY OF MELROSE FOR SALE

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Saturday the 12th day of October 1799, within the house of David Kyle, vintner in Melrose,

THAT lately erected VILLA, with the Park, Garden, and Offices, situated on the banks of the Tweed, in the vicinity of Melrose, and in view of its celebrated Abbey, which belonged to the late Mr Thomas Baxter, writer in Melrose, and is presently occupied for the season by John Maitland, Esquire.

The roup will begin at one o'clock afternoon, when the progress of writs and conditions of sale will be published; or may be seen any time before, in the hands of Andrew Reed, writer in Jedburgh.

Mr Kyle, on the loss, will show the premises.

DALNOTTER WORKS.

To be SOLD at the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, on Wednesday the ninth day of October next, betwixt the hours of two and four o'clock afternoon,

THE DALNOTTER IRON WORKS, in the parish of Kilpatrick, and county of Dumbarton, nine miles west from Glasgow, consisting of a complete Slitting and Rolling Mill, with a Forge, a Grinding and other Mills, well supplied with water; as also, a good Dwelling House, Garden, &c. a number of Shops for the manufacture of Edge Tools, Hoes, Spades, Shovels, and Nails, with houses for the workmen, of whom there are a considerable number at present employed.

The works are well situated for water carriage, having the river Clyde in front, and the Great Canal immediately behind.

The slit mill and forge are at Duntocher, about two miles from Dalnotter, with the benefit of large reservoirs in the muirs.

For further particulars apply to Mr John Gillies at Dalnotter, or to Mr James Gordon, and Mr James M'Dowall, in Glasgow, who will be ready to treat by private bargain any time before the day of sale. GLASGOW, AUG. 23. 1799.

TAN-WORK AT ARBROATH.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon the 11th November 1799, on the spot, at 12 o'clock noon,

THE WHOLE HERITABLE PROPERTY, in one Lot, belonging to the TAN-WORK, being the only Work of that kind in or about the Town. It was substantially set down, and is in very good repair—has a constant supply of running water; and contains eighty-four Pits, for the different operations of tanning leather; Bark-lofts, that will hold 100 tons; Drying Shades are large; Bark-mill, Currying Shop and Stove, Leather Cellars, Stable, Hay-lofe, and a Dwelling-house and Garden. As the proprietor is to dispose of this subject on account of his health, the purchaser may have access to work in his leather as he works his out, or have the whole leather on hand, upon a fair valuation.

For particulars, or private bargain, apply to JAMES LOWSON, Arbroath, the proprietor, who will give every reasonable advice to a purchaser, if required.

EMBANKMENT.

To be SOLD or ASSIGNED,

A LEASEHOLD RIGHT to the SANDS of BALDOON, GRANGE, &c. in the Bay of Wigton, (in North Britain) and of the LAND which may there be recovered from the sea by Embanking.

These Sands are of great extent, being about 4000 Scots acres, or 5000 English, and of so fertile a quality as to be used for manure to the adjacent lands; when converted into arable or meadow land, they cannot be valued at a lower rent than 3l. per acre. The extent that may be recovered will depend on the expence to be laid out: a very moderate expence may certainly gain some hundreds of acres; but a person with a sufficient capital to lay out a large sum, will have much superior advantages, and be able to acquire a property of immense value.

The nature of the right to be conveyed will be highly advantageous to the lessee, as he will not only have the advantages of his possession during the currency of the lease, but at the expiry of it the proprietor will be bound to pay him twenty-five years purchase on the value of all the land that may have been gained.

For further particulars application may be made to William Mure, factor for the Earl of Selkirk at Kirkcudbright, or to Robert Hill, W. S. Edinburgh.

SCOTS FIR TIMBER.

ABOUT 7000 old SCOTS FIR TREES, containing at an average, about 12 solid feet of Timber each Tree, are to be sold by roup within the New Inn at Inverary, upon Thursday the 11th day of Nov. 1799, at noon—unless previously disposed of by private bargain, of which notice will be given.

The Trees are growing within a quarter of a mile or thereby of the shore of Lochfine, where they may be conveniently shipped.

The Purchaser must cut down the Trees and carry them away.

For other particulars apply to Mr Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh; or Mr Graham, Inverary.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is issued forth against JOHN ALLEN of South Shields, in the county of Durham, Merchant, Dealer, and Chapman, and he being declared a bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major part of them, on the 25th and 26th days of September instant, and on the 11th day of October following, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon on each of the said days, at the house of William Loftus, known by the name of the Shakespeare Tavern, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts; and at the second sitting to chuse assignees: and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.—All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to William Atkinson, Esq. Chancery Lane, London, or Mr Christopher Bainbridge, attorney at law, South Shields.

BY THE KING'S PATENT.

SPILSBURY'S ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS.

R. SCOTT, Apothecary, begs leave to inform the Public, That he has received a FRESH PARCEL of these Celebrated DROPS from the Dispensary, Soho Square, London, which are proved by experience to be the first Medicine now extant for the radical cure of the Scurvy, Gout, Rheumatism, Evil, Ulcers, Leprosy, Surfeits, Nervous and Bilious Complaints, Pimpled Faces, Humours after the Small Pox and Measles, &c.—They are sold in bottles of 5s. and 1l. 2s. each, with folio bills of direction, in which the above disorder, and the diet necessary to be observed, are amply treated on, and sixty wonderful cures noted therein, attested by surgeons, ministers, and other respectable personages, whose veracity will bear the strictest enquiry.

These drops may also be had of

Mr John Buchanan, jun. Sun Fire Office, Glasgow.	
J. Mennons and J. Duncan Glasgow	Messr. Morison & Son, Perth
A. Barry, Paisley	Mr Thomson, Aberdeen
Maclelan, Greenock	Mr Dickson, druggist, and
M'Intosh, Inglis & Wilson, Inverness	Mr Inglis, Dumfries
Tho. Cave, Banff	Walker & Hodson, Newcastle
John Allan, Dundee	Mr Jollie, Carlisle
Mr Scott, surgeon, Kelso	Mr James Paton, and
Mr Dick, Surgeon, Dundee	Mr P. Craigie, Montrose
Mr Anderson, Stirling	Mr Dempster, Cupar Fife
	Mr Millar, druggist, Perth
	Mr Gray, mercht. Hawick

A PHYSICIAN's ATTESTATION.

A Remarkable Cure performed by

Dr SIBLY's RE-ANIMATING SOLAR TINCTURE;

OR, PABULUM OF LIFE.

TO E. SIBLY, M. D.

CONscious of the truth of that excellent remark, made in the first page of your Medical Mirror, that a Physician has a threefold duty to perform, I cheerfully come forward to acquaint you of a surprising Cure that has lately been made by the use of your RE-ANIMATING SOLAR TINCTURE. The patient alluded to was in a very weak state of body, bordering on a *Phthisis Pulmonalis*, and a constant *Tussis*, so that the Nervous System was shook to the centre; as much so, that he could not hold his hands steady; his words faint, and fell trembling from his lips; this with a loss of appetite, accompanied with an *Atrophia*, or wasting of the flesh, a palpitation of the heart, and a great dejection of spirit, made his case truly affecting. In this situation, for more than a twelvemonth, there was prescribed a number of meditines, (according to what is termed regular practice,) but without success. His case was obstinate; common prescriptions were of no avail. At this crisis, unwilling to give him up to the gloomy mandates of the grave, I recollected the description you gave of the power and efficacy of your RE-ANIMATING SOLAR TINCTURE, and how learnedly and originally you had wrote on the Nervous System, in your various publications. This, with the call of Humanity, that pressed with the most moving accents, enforced me to make trial of your Medicine; when, to my astonishment, although apparently at the brink of the grave, he had not taken more than Eight Bottles before he was perfectly recovered, a healthy and grateful witness that your Tincture is not improperly called the PABULUM (or food) OF LIFE.

I am, Sir, with the greatest esteem, yours,

Bridport, Dorsetshire, G. ROBERTS, M.D.

*** It is necessary those who are afflicted with the Yellow Jaundice or Dropsy, Asthma, Consumption, Tabes Dorsalis, Agues, Gout, Rhumatism, Disorders in the Stomach and Bowels, Convulsions, Cholic, Spasms, Cramps, Bloody Flux, Piles, Hysteric Complaints, Palsy, weak Nerves, &c. should take notice that the above Medicine is not introduced to them under the common DECEPTIVE WORDS, "ROYAL AUTHORITY," when his Majesty has given no particular authority for the sale of such medicines. But the Doctor, after having submitted his Receipts of the Compound of his Solar Tincture to the necessary examination of proper persons appointed for that purpose, HIS MAJESTY has thought proper to order it's ENROLMENT in CHANCERY, and issued, under his own HAND, His ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, to which are prefixed the BROAD SEAL of GREAT BRITAIN; therefore, (to prevent counterfeits) it is thus noticed on every Bottle and Bill of Directions.

Sold in bottles at 7s. 6d. and 13s. each, (duty included) with ample directions, &c. by the Patentee, E. SIBLY, M. D. at his house, No. 40, New Bridge Street, near St Paul's, London. And by Mr ANDREW SMITH, Perfumer, North Bridge, JOHN BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, Edinburgh.

Messrs Chalmers and Co. Aberdeen; Mr Mennons, Glasgow; Mr Simpson, Haddington; Mr Dick, Dundee; Mr Wylie, Dumfries; Mr ——— Browning, Paisley; Mr Forsyth, Ayr; Mr Coke, Leith; Mr Anderson, Stirling; Mr Dempster, Cupar Fife; Mr Cave, Banff; Messrs Morison and Son, Perth; and by all Venders of Patent Medicines where a pamphlet of the virtues of the Solar Tincture may be had GRATIS.

ITCH INFALLIBLY CURED

AT TWICE RUBBING,

BY JACKSON's ORIGINAL OINTMENT,

PREPARED only by JAMES BARCLAY, (late T. Jackson) No. 95. Fleet Market, London, where it has been prepared and sold for upwards of fifty years. It cures annually fifteen thousand persons, and was never known to fail.

It does not contain the least particle of Mercury, or any other pernicious ingredient, and may be used with safety by women with child, and infants newly born, and is not disagreeable in its flavour. Its safety and dispatch is fully manifested by the Faculty adopting it in their private practice, which several of the most reputable have done for many years.

It becomes particularly necessary to caution those who are afflicted with the above distemper against imposition, as several unprincipled men have substituted their own pernicious trash (whose basis is Mercury) in its stead, and, taking advantage of the death of Mr Jackson, have put his name to their preparation.—You will therefore observe, as you regard your health, that the name of *J. Barclay* is wrote on the stamp (affixed to each box) without which it cannot be genuine.—Price 1s. 9d. each box.

Sold by the Proprietor, JAMES BARCLAY, No. 95. Fleet Market, London—and by his appointment by

R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY,

WATSON & CO. AND J. BAXTER,

South Bridge, Edinburgh.

Macintosh & Co. Inverness,	W. Anderson, Stirling,
R. Morrison & Son, Perth,	A. Barry, Paisley,
J. Allan, Dundee,	E. Humble, Newcastle,
J. Mennons, Glasgow,	F. Jolly, Carlisle.

Where may be had,

JACKSON's ASTHMATIC CANDY,

For Complaints of the Stomach and Lungs.

The success of this Medicine in removing Coughs and Colds, and in alleviating the most alarming complaints incident to persons of a gouty, relaxed, and asthmatic habit, is universally acknowledged.—Price 2s. 6d. or 1s. 1½d. the box, duty included

FRANCE.

PARIS—SEPT. 4.

The domiciliary viſits, arreſts, and mobs, ſtill continue at Lyons. A general ſyſtem of terror prevails there on account of the numerous arreſts which have taken place.

A plan is ſaid to be in agitation of forming one Republic of Italy, of which Florence is to be the capital. The deſign may be excellent, but until the expulſion of the Auſtro-Ruſſians from thence it can be conſidered only as a chimera.

On the 15th of laſt month, 19 prieſts were ſent off from the priſons of Lyons for Oleron, in four carts, with chains about their necks.

Of 300 perſons tranſported to Guiana only 40 have ſurvived.

On the 14th of laſt month, the municipal agent of the commune of Sainte Reine was ſhot, with three other citizens, in open day, amid repeated ſhouts of "Long live the King!"

The Royaliſts have cut down the Tree of Liberty in the commune of Roche Colombe.

A letter from Toulouſe ſtates, that a column of rebels which took refuge at St Clar de Lomagne, a ſmall town near Lectoure, has been cut to pieces. The Republicans were not ſatisfied with the victory, but put to death the men, women, and children of the village, and then burnt the place.

SEPTEMBER 5.

The Directory has ordered the editors and printers of the following Journals to be arreſted: Bulletin official des Armees Coaliſees, La Pariſienne, La Quotidienne, Le Courier de Paris, Le Democrate, Le Miroir, La Feuille du Jour, Le Neceſſaire, Les Hommes Libres, Le Grondeur, and Le Defenſeur de la Patrie.

The chouans have diſarmed ſeveral citizens in the commune Landevaumont, and cut down the tree of liberty at Vire. They alſo diſarmed the national guard of Maiſon de Celles.

It is ſaid that we too have a ſecret expedition on foot, and that it will be commanded by Bernadotte.

The anniverſary of the 4th September was celebrated this day in the Decadary Temples, and in the Champ de Mars. Sieyes, the preſident of the Directory, pronounced an harrangue upon the occaſion.

On the preceding evening the Directory iſſued another order, the object of which was, to apply the law of the 5th September to the proprietors and editors of the journals arreſted yeſterday. The place of their baniſhment is Oleron. They were allowed two months to repair thither, in conformity with the law of the 8th September, 1798; and thoſe who ſhall not within that time make their declaration, are to be placed on the liſt of emigrants.

It is Delmotte who commands at Breſt in the abſence of Bruix.

Macdonald is at this moment at Paris, and has already had a conference with the Miniſter of War.

We are aſſured that a corps of 7000 men has paſſed the Rhine at Mentz, in the night of the 10th inſt. and that it has already taken poſſeſſion of the city of Frankfort.

The remains of General Joubert are to be interred at Grandpre, where he was married, on his way to Italy.

The report of war having been declared againſt Denmark by the Dey of Tripoli is contradicted.

SEPTEMBER 6.

The Pope has been interred at Valence; quicklime was thrown into his grave, which conſumed his remains.

Maſſena, Commander in Chief of the army of the Danube, to the Executive Directory.

Head-Quarters, Lentzbourg, Sept. 1.

CITIZENS DIRECTORS,

Generals Soult and Motitor have given me an account of the attacks which they made on the 30th ult. the former upon Uſnack, and the ſecond upon Glarus; the reſult of theſe affairs is 300 priſoners. On the ſide of Uſnack there was a cannonade which laſted all the day; the loſs of the enemy is conſiderable. General Motitor was obliged to force ſome exceedingly ſtrong poſitions with the bayonet. He beſtows the greateſt eulogiums upon the 84th demi-brigade and their officers.

Health and reſpect, MASSENA.

General Championnet to the Minister at War.

Head-Quarters at Embrun, Aug. 20.

The movements which were made by the army of the Alps in the vallies of Piedmont, have been crowned with ſucceſs. The right had to combat with an army of inſurgents, mixed with Auſtrians and Ruſſians. In the general actions which took place, the enemy had near 400 killed and wounded; it at preſent occupies the poſition of Mintagnetta; the advanced poſts are puſhed as far as Demont; the centre, under the command of General Duham, advanced on the 26th in three columns. The firſt, under the orders of Gen. Leſuite, advanced to Feneſtrelles; it attacked the poſition of Villaret, defended by two redoubts and 4000 men. After an obſtinate action of five hours, in which the enemy loſt 600 men, the poſition was forced. We have taken two pieces of cannon, and 120 priſoners. The enemy were purſued to the gates of Pignerol, and our troops occupied the poſition of Perouſe.

The ſecond column, under the orders of Adjutant-General Mollard, compoſed of the battalions of conſcripts, advanced to the poſts of Exille and Laſſiele, which were attacked and carried with French vivacity. The enemy were purſued to Suza, and had more than 300 men killed, among whom were ſeveral officers. We alſo took 50 priſoners. The bravery and ardour of the conſcripts is much praiſed.

Our loſs in theſe different actions amounts to about 100 wounded, among whom are three ſuperior officers, Citizens Touſſaint and Tarqui, chiefs of battalion of the 47th half brigade, and Say chief of battalion.

SEPTEMBER 7.

Moreau, after the battle of Novi, had at firſt reſolved to quit his poſt and to retreat to Savona; but having learned how much the enemy had ſuffered, he renounced his firſt deſign, and determined to cover the Genoeſe territory.—We ſhall remain on that part on the defenſive, at leaſt until the arrival of Championnet, who will bring with him a reinforcement of 30,000 men to join him, from his army of the Alps.

Our army of the Rhine advances into Germany without meeting with any great obſtacles. It has exacted contributions from ſeveral towns on its route.

It appears that the Auſtro Ruſſians have taken Tortona, and that they threaten Coni. But Championnet has thrown proviſions into the latter place, as well as into Feneſtrelles

Our troops have croſſed the Rhine in the neighbourhood of Spires, in ſeveral places, and after having joined a corps of 8000 men, encamped before Manheim, the army advanced into the Valley of the Neckar.—The head-quarters, at the date of this intelligence, was before Heilbrunn. The army is more than 30,000 ſtrong.

Letters from Holland ſtate it as certain, that the Batavian fleet has yielded to the Engliſh.

Twenty thouſand men who have joined the army of Maſſena, make his army amount to 100,000 fighting men. We expect every moment a terrible and deciſive battle.

The attack of Philipſbourg is begun by this time.—The ſiege will be covered by an army of 30,000 men.

Paul I. has ordered a new levy in his dominions of 180,000 men, in order to repair the loſes which his armies have experienced in the preſent campaign.

The Miniſter at war has particularly enjoined the Commander in Chief of the army of England to keep a vigilant eye upon the department of the Maine and Loire. He at the ſame time inſtructed him to form a column of two or three thouſand men, with a train of light artillery, to be ready to act as occaſion may require—to keep that body of men in continual activity, and to direct it againſt every point where the brigands may attempt to aſſemble, in order to cruſh it effectually.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PUBLICISTE.

Paris, 20 Fructidor, Sept 6.

CITIZEN EDITOR,

I request you will have the goodness to insert in your Journal a complete contradiction of a report that I am going to accept of an establishment and of a pension in Berlin. Nothing is more false; for I am unalterably determined not to accept any favour from any Court.

Health and Fraternity, J. KOSCIUSKO.

The Spaniſh Miniſter has demanded, in the name of his Court, that the body of the Pope ſhould be embalmed, and delivered to him, to be ſent to Rome to be interred. But that ſuperſtition ſhould not get poſſeſſion of it, the adminiſtration of Valence have cauſed him to be interred, and lime thrown into his grave.

ARMY OF ITALY.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM SUCHET, GENERAL OF DIVISION, AND CHIEF OF THE STAFF, TO THE MINISTER AT WAR.

August 27.

The loſs of the enemy in men very much exceeds ours, and amounts, from his own confeſſion, to upwards of 8000, 1500 of whom have been left upon the field of battle, 1250 taken priſoners, with General Luſignan and 28 officers, and the remainder wounded, and unable to fight.

Thus, after 14 hours of obſtinate fighting, the French army would have remained in poſſeſſion of the field of battle, had not the minds of the ſoldiers and the General Officers been affected by the loſs of their brave commander.

The ſucceſſes obtained by General Klenau, have raiſed the courage of our troops; and the greateſt part of them now deſire to engage the Ruſſians, whom they have had an opportunity of knowing and conquering during the whole of the battle of Novi.

Signed, SUCHET.
Counter-ſigned, BERNADOTTE.

Head-quarters at Cornegliano, Aug. 24.

Since the unfortunate day of the 15th Auguſt the enemy, to our great aſtoniſhment, has made no preparation to follow us; and we have reſumed our poſitions in the mountains of Liguria. The citadel of Tortona, having loſt all hopes of ſuccour, capitulated yeſterday.—The enemy left but a very few troops between Aleſſandria and Tortona. They marched with the main body towards Aſti, which ſhewed their deſign to beſiege Coni, the only ſtrong place of which we are in poſſeſſion in Piedmont. They have alſo detached a corps of 20,000 men againſt General Grenier, who has come down with part of the army of the Alps into the invirons of Suza.

We cannot long maintain ourſelves in the ſpoſition which we now occupy. In the firſt place, our army is not ſufficiently numerous, and ran the riſk of being entirely deſtroyed; on the other hand, the mountains of Liguria are very barren, and the cavalry and the artillery horſes periſh daily owing to bad food. The hay is very bad, and for three months paſt oats have altogether failed us. Genoa can no longer afford us any aſſiſtance. The Government of that place is alarmed at the approach of the Auſtrians. One of the Directory has attempted to take flight; another has given in his reſignation. The workmen and ſailors are patriots, and will ſee our departure with grief; but the merchants, whoſe commerce has been on the decline for theſe four years paſt, are anxiouſly deſirous of the arrival of the Engliſh, from whom they hope to obtain a free trade. Theſe conſiderations are not thoſe which are moſt powerful. Our army is in want of every thing, and the Treaſury is empty. A ſum of 300,000 livres, which was on its way from France, and which was expected with the greateſt impatience, was ſtopped at Savona by Gen. St Cyr, in order to diſcharge the pay of his army, which was four months in arrears. This General was compelled to this meaſure by the diſcontent which the two diviſions which he commanded have loudly teſtified. The Contractors, who are not paid, and who are daily cheated by the bills which are given them on the Treaſury of Paris, will no longer do their duty. Draſts have lately been given them which have not been paid; and ſeveral ſoldiers have been obliged alſo to receive them. It appears as if every thing conſpired againſt this army.

CONSTANTINOPLE—JULY 28.

We learn that Buonaparte has actually attempted his retreat to Suez by Egypt. He found means to hire a few Arabs, and to collect ſome thouſand diſcontented perſons, whom he promiſed to free from the yoke of the Ottoman Porte, and put in poſſeſſion of the fertile ſhores of the Red Sea.

It is ſaid that the Sheiks of Arabia having cauſed moſt of the ſprings in the deſart to be deſtroyed, the French General will find it difficult to croſs the burning deſert; but it is added that Buonaparte having ſeized three of the chiefs employed on this ſervice, he will ſucceed in compelling them to diſcover the ſprings they had deſtroyed or diverted.

We expect to hear of the expedition projected againſt Damietta, Alexandria, and Aboukir, which are to take place at the ſame time. Sir Sidney Smith has left Cyprus, in order to conduct the operations.

London

SEPTEMBER 13.

The five Spaniſh Ships which had come out of Rochefort, have eſcaped the vigilance of Sir J. B. Warren, and have got into L'Orrent. The two Squadrons were in ſight of each other, but the Spaniards were ſo far to windward, that it was impoſſible to cut off their retreat.

It appears from report of paſſengers by the Wentworth Packet, from Martinico, that the Britiſh have been invited by the Dutch Settlers at Surinam, to take poſſeſſion of that place. An expedition was to ſail for that purpoſe on the 1ſt of Auguſt.

The Directory have publiſhed throughout Paris a proclamation, in which they endeavour to alarm the people with the idea of the return of Royalty. In this proclamation, both the danger and the exhortation to provide againſt it, are ſtated in the moſt general terms. The Directory, however, do not appear to rely for the ſupport of their authority, merely on their powers of conciliation.

A third expedition, it is ſaid, is about to take place, under the commaud of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland; the depot of cavalry are to be aſſembled at Croydon.

A Liſbon mail arrived this morning, brought by the Walſingham packet, in 15 days. His Majeſty's ſhip Emerald was lying in Liſbon harbour when the packet arrived there on the 18th. The Emerald ſailed from that port on the 24th, and the packet on the 25th.

A letter from the Hague of the 3d inſt. ſtates, that Gen. Daendels had tranſmitted to the Directory at the Hague, a demand from Sir Ralph Abercromby for an eſcort for a Britiſh officer, who was charged with a commiſſion to the Hague. It aſſerts alſo that the Director Van Hoof, and four deputies from the two Councils, had been named to carry to Gen. Daendels the inſtructions of the Directory relative to this demand.—Private letters ſay, that the Miniſter at War and a Secretary accompanies Van Hoof and the deputies, who had ſet out from Haerlem, eſcorted by cavalry.

An article from the Hague aſſerts, that the French and Dutch army amounts to 30,000 men, commanded by General Brune. The head quarters of Daendels on the 1ſt of September were at Schermerhorn, his right at Purmerend, and his left extended to the German ocean.

Letters from Venice ſtate, that a conclave is to be held either in that city or Padua, for the election of a new Pope. No leſs than three or four candidates are mentioned for this diguity!

General Macdonald, late commander in chief of the army of Naples, is the only ſon of a Mr Stephen Macdonald, who was born in Scotland, but entered into the Iriſh brigade in the reign of Louis XV. He married a French woman, and the preſent general, a Frenchman born, was made a Colonel in 1793. In conſequence of his bravery at the battle of Jemappe, he wat promoted to the rank of general of brigade, and in the following campaign he was made general of diviſion.

The Lord Mayor has ordered a Court of Common Council to be ſummoned to meet to-morrow, at 12 o'clock preciſely, to take into conſideration an addreſs of congratulation to his Majeſty on the ſurrender of the Dutch fleet in the Texel.

A ſtatue of King William the third is to be erected in the middle of the baſon in St James's Square, for which purpoſe workmen are employed in pumping out the water, in order to affix the pedeſtal at the bottom.

Nothing ever bore a more pleaſing aſpect than the corn fields on the high lands in Glouceſterſhire; the farmers exultingly take out handfuls of grain from their loaded teams, and ſhew them to the paſſengers as unexampled in weight, produce, and fineneſs. The ſtalks of oats are loaded half way down; the ears of barley are large and heavy; and the wheat fields, ripened by the late fine days, will produce a crop that will average the four laſt years.

Wedneſday the third embarkation of troops for the Continent took place here. Upwards of 5000 troops were embarked in the courſe of the day, conſiſting chiefly of the 4th and 5th regiments (of which the flank companies embarked the day before), and ſeveral battalions of the volunteers from the different militias. The embarkation began early in the morning, and continued inceſſantly till eight at night, the ſoldiers marching into the town in different companies the whole of the day.

About eight o'clock in the morning his Grace the Duke of Portland, accompanied by Lord Cavan, arrived at the Three Kings hotel, from Dover, in a poſt-chaiſe and four, the horſes decorated with orange coloured ribbons; he went into the balcony fronting the beach to ſee the embarkation, which extended from one end of the town to the other; and immediately oppoſite to the Three Kings the Deal boatmen contrived to launch ſeveral of their large boats full of ſoldiers from the top of the beach at once, which had a fine effect. His Grace was joined in the balcony by Lady Jane and Mr Dundas, and occaſionally by the Duke of York, Lord F. Somerſet, Lord Chatham and Mr Pitt. Mr Pitt waited upon the Port Admiral, and had a long conference with him, and afterwards walked home to Walmer Caſtle alone. The Dukes of York and Portland, with their attendants, walked to the Hoop and Griffin inn, from which place they were launched in one of the largeſt Deal boats, and returned by water to Walmer to dinner. They went off amidſt an immenſe concourſe of all deſcriptions, who teſtified their loyalty and zeal by the loudeſt huzzas and acclamations; the two Dukes ſtood up in the boat waving their hats and bowing to

DEAL—September 10.

This morning at ſeven o'clock, Lieutenant-General Hulſe and his ſuite went on board La Pomone frigate, which convoys them to Holland.

Half paſt ſeven, A. M.—A brigade of the 5th and 35th regiments, conſiſting of 2700 men, under the command of his Royal Highneſs Prince William of Glouceſter, is juſt arrived from Barham Downs, and will be immediately embarked. His Royal Highneſs goes to the Texel in the Nemeſis frigate, Capt. Thomas Baker. His Royal Highneſs dines to-day with General Smith at Walmer, and will embark here to-morrow.

Ten o'clock.—La Pomone is juſt got under weigh, with Lieut.-Gen. Hulſe and Major-Gen. the Earl of Chatham.

The laſt brigade, under the command of General Manners, conſiſting of the 9th and 56th regiments, which are both very ſtrong, have orders to march at two o'clock to-morrow morning to embark here. There will then be about 14,000 men in the tranſports in the Downs.

More troops ere expected to aſſemble on Barham Downs.

More troops are expected to aſſemble on Barham Downs in a few days, as a depot is to be kept up there to be contiguous for embarkation, if neceſſary.

SEPTEMBER 11.

This morning his Royal Highneſs Prince William of Glouceſter embarked on board the Nemeſis frigate.

Alſo embarked this morning, the remainder of the troops from Barham Downs camp on board the tranſports.—Wind E. S. E.

From the Dutch papers which we received on Wedneſday laſt, it appears that General Daendels had received a flag of truce from the Engliſh army on the 1ſt inſtant.

It has ſince been ſtated, that this flag of truce was ſent by General Abercromby to demand a paſſport for a Britiſh officer to proceed to the Hague with diſpatches for the Batavian Directory. General Don was the officer intended to be ſent on this miſſion; but it is ſaid that the paſſport was refuſed. It is probable, however, that it was inconſequence of this communication between the two armies that the Director Van Hoof, the Miniſter Pyman, and four of the Batavian Deputies, arrived on the 2d at Haarlem, charged, as the Dutch papers ſtate, with an important commiſſion for the Commander in Chief.

This morning a mail arrived from New-York of 8th Auguſt, and a Halifax mail of 18th Auguſt, brought to Falmouth by the Mary Packet. The Mary ſell in, on the 26th May, with the Newfoundland fleet, under convoy of his Majeſty's ſhip Caſtor, 12 days from Cork, in lat 47. 3. N. long. 29. 49. W.

Admiral Vandeput was lying at Halifax with ſeveral of his ſquadron, on the 15th Auguſt.

The Mary ſaw the Cleopatra frigate ſteering into Halifax on the 20th Auguſt.

We have received American papers to the 6th of Auguſt. They agree in ſtating that hoſtilities had begun in St Domingo between Touſſaint Louverture and Rigaud, and that the former had proved victorious. The cities of Philadelphia and New-York have had no attack of the yellow fever, and enjoy their uſual ſtate of health at this ſeaſon of the year.

One of our frigates has looked into Breſt, and from the obſervations which the captain has been enabled to make, there is no doubt entertained but the combined fleet only wait the return of our fleet into port, in order to put to ſea.

—STOCKS—

BANK STOCK		INDIA STOCK	
3 *per cent. con.*	64⅝ ⅛ ⅜	*Long Ann.*	——
4 *per cent. con.*	——	*Short ditto*	——
5 *per cent. ann.*	——	*Omnium*	13¾ 14¼ 13¾

This day, (Sept. 13.) at twelve o'clock,
3 *per cent. con.* 64¼ 64⅝—*Omnium*, 14 13½
Exchanges on Dublin 11¼

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—SEPTEMBER 16.

The intelligence received this day is very important, as it confirms what we ſtated in our laſt reſpecting the taking of Seringapatam, the defeat of TIPPOO, &c. &c.

We are alſo happy to announce an important victory gained by the Britiſh troops in Holland.

The following particulars are brought by the papers received this morning, dated LONDON Sept. 13.

CAPTURE OF SERINGAPATAM.

MADRAS GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY,

WEDNESDAY—MAY 15, 1799.

The following copy of a letter from Lieut.-General Harris to the Right Hon. the Governor General, dated Seringapatam, 7th May, 1799, is publiſhed by his Lordſhip's authority. J. WEBBE, Sec. to Gov.

MY LORD,

On the 4th inſt. I had the honour to addreſs to your Lordſhip a haſty note, containing in few words the ſum of our ſucceſs, which I have now to report more in detail.

The fire of our batteries, which began to batter in breach on the 30th April, had on the evening of the 3d inſt. ſo much deſtroyed the walls againſt which it was directed, that the arrangement was then made for aſſaulting the place on the following day, when the breach was reported practicable.

The troops intended to be employed were ſtationed in the trenches early in the morning of the 4th, that no extraordinary movement might lead the enemy to expect the aſſault, which I had determined to make in the heat of the day, as the time beſt calculated to enſure ſucceſs, as the troops would then be leaſt prepared to oppoſe us.

Ten flank companies of Europeans, taken from theſe regiments neceſſarily left to guard our camps, and our out-poſts, followed by the 12th, 33d, 73d, and 74th regiments, and three corps of grenadier ſepoys, taken from the troops of the three Preſidencies, with 200 of his Highneſs the Nizam's troops, formed the party for the aſſault, accompanied by 100 of the artillery, and the corps of pioneers, and ſupported in the trenches by the battalion companies of the regiment De Meuron, and four battalions of Madras ſepoys. Colonel Sherbrooke, and Lieutenant-Colonels Dunlop, Dalrymple, Gardiner, and Mignan, commanded the ſeveral flank corps; and Major-General Baird was entruſted with the direction of this important ſervice.

At one o'clock the troops moved from the trenches, croſſed the rocky bed of the Cavery under an extremely heavy fire, paſſed the glacis and ditch, and aſcended the breaches in the *fauſſe braye* and rampart of the fort, ſurmounting in the moſt gallant manner every obſtacle which the difficulty of the paſſage, and the reſiſtance of the enemy preſented to oppoſe their progreſs. Major-General Baird had divided his force for the purpoſe of clearing the ramparts to the right and left. One diviſion was commanded by Col. Sherebrooke, the other by Lieut-Col. Dunlop; the latter was diſabled in the

breach, but both corps, although ſtrongly oppoſed, were completely ſucceſsful. Reſiſtance continued to be made from the palace of Tippoo, for ſome time after all firing had ceaſed from the works; two of his ſons were there, who, on aſſurance of ſafety, ſurrendered to the troops ſurrounding them; and guards were placed for the protection of the family, moſt of whom were in the palace.

It was ſoon after reported that Tippoo Sultan had fallen. Syed Scheb, Meer Sadue, Syed Gofar, and many other of his chiefs, were alſo ſlain. Meaſures were immediately adopted to ſtop the confuſion at firſt unavoidable in a city ſtrongly garriſoned, crowded with inhabitants and their property, in ruins from the fire of a numerous artillery, and taken by aſſault. The Princes were removed to camp. It appeared to Major-General Baird ſo important to aſcertain the fate of the Sultan, that he cauſed immediate ſearch to be made for his body, which, after much difficulty, was found late in the evening in one of the gates, under a heap of ſlain, and ſoon after placed in the palace. The corpſe was the next day recognized by the family, and interred, with the honours due to his rank, in the mauſoleum of his father.

The ſtrength of the fort is ſuch, both from its natural poſition and the ſtupendous works by which it is ſurrounded, that all the exertions of the brave troops who attacked it, in whoſe praiſe it is impoſſible to ſay too much, were required to place it in our hands. Of the merits of the army I have expreſſed my opinion in orders, a copy of which I have the honour to incloſe; and I truſt your Lordſhip will point out their ſervices to the favourable notice of their king and country.

I am ſorry to add, that on collecting the returns of our loſs, it is found to have been much heavier than I had at firſt imagined.

On the 5th inſt. Abdul Khalic, the elder of the Princes formerly hoſtages with Lord Cornwallis, ſurrendered himſelf at our out-poſts, demanding protection. Kerim Saheb, the brother of Tippoo, had before ſought refuge with Meer Allum Behauder. A. Cowl Namah was yeſterday diſpatched to Futieh Hyder, the eldeſt ſon of Tippoo, inviting him to join his brothers. Purneah and Meer Kummer Odeen Khan have alſo been ſummoned to Setingapatam: no anſwers have yet been received, but I expect them ſhortly, as their families are in the fort.

This moment Ali Reza, formerly one of the Vakeels from Tippoo Sultaun to Lord Cornwallis, has arrived from Meer Kummer Odeen Khan, to aſk my orders for 4000 horſe now under his command. Ali Reza was commiſſioned to declare that Meer Kummer Odeen would make no conditions, but rely on the generoſity of the Engliſh.

Monſieur Chapue, and moſt of the French, are priſoners. They have commiſſions from the French Government. I have the honour, &c.

GEORGE HARRIS.

KILLED.

Europeans, 70—Natives 13.

WOUNDED.

Europeans, 263—Natives, 34.

MISSING.

Europeans, 4—Natives, 2.

NAMES OF OFFICERS KILLED.

Lieutenant Mather, of the 75th, and Captain Owen, of the 77th, flank companies.
Lieutenant Lalor, of the 73d.
Lieutenants Farquhar, Prendergrast, Hill, and Schaw of the 74th.
Captain Cormick of the Pioneers.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenants Turner, Broughton, and Skelton, of the 75th.
Lieut. Col. Dunlop and Lieut. Lawrence, of the 77th.
Lieutenant Webb of the Bombay regiment.
Capt. Lardy and Lieut. Matthey of the Meuron regiment, flank companies.
Lieut. Shawe, of the 76th, ſerving with the 12th.
Capt. Macleod, Lieut. Thomas, Enſigns Antil and Guthrie, of the 73d.
Captain Caldwell of the engineers, and Captain Prescott of the artillery.

Private letters received by the ſame conveyance, mention that immenſe treaſure has been taken at Seringapatam.

The Barewell homeward bound Eaſt-India ſhip, from China and New South Wales, is arrived at Plymouth. She ſailed from St Helena on the 6th of July, with the Tellicherry, an extra-ſhip, Armenia, a country ſhip, and the Triton, with four hundred French priſoners from Madras. She parted company with them on the 24th ult. off the Weſtern Iſles.—Diſpatches were brought for Government and the Eaſt-India Company, by Lieut. Reddiſh. It is rumoured, that the Jupiter, of 50 guns, Commodore Loſſack, with a ſquadron of frigates, has fallen in with the French ſquadron on their return to the Mauritius, driven them aſhore, and deſtroyed the whole of them.

The Glatton outward, arrived at St Helena, a few days before the Barewell ſailed.

Major Oram died on the paſſage, and the diſpatches were brought by Captain Tweedale, late of the Earl Fitzwilliam.

The Miſſionaries who made their eſcape from Otaheite, and arrived at Port Jackſon, had a piece of ground allotted them by the Governor, in the cultivation of which they were buſily employed, and were likely in the courſe of a ſhort time to bring it to ſuch a ſtate of perfection as to ſubſiſt the whole of them in a comfortable manner. Four of them remained at Otaheite, one of whom is a Mr Jefferſon, of Plymouth.

The Eaſt India Houſe is to be ſplendidly illuminated this evening, and the Eaſt India brigade are to fire a *feu de joye* on their own ground.

It is aſſerted, we know not on what authority, that ſeveral Britiſh officers, ſuppoſed to have died in the priſons of Hyder Ally and Tippoo, were found ſtill living in the dungeons of Seringapatam.

VICTORY IN HOLLAND.

A King's meſſenger arrived this morning from Sir Ralph Abercromby, with the very important account of a battle having been fought between our troops and the Dutch and French in Holland. Sir Ralph Abercromby having completed his intrenchments, advanced from them to attack the enemy. A ſhort time after the action commenced, he made a feint of retreating behind his intrenchments. The manœuvre ſucceeded perfectly, the enemy followed our troops, and were attacked ſo unexpectedly, and with ſuch vigour, that they were completely defeated, with the loſs of 3000 men, killed, wounded, and taken priſoners. This intelligence will be communicated to the public in an extraordinary Gazette this evening.

Letters from Deal this morning ſay, that yeſterday ſailed the Nemeſis, Reſource, Adventure, Weymouth, Royal Admiral, Truſty, Sheerneſs, and Dordrecht ſhips of war, with tranſports, and about ten thouſand troops (the 1ſt and 2d diviſions) for the Texel. Remain a fleet of tranſports with cavalry, for the Texel.

Yeſterday, arrived in Ozely Boy, on the coaſt of Suffolk, the Dutch fleet, taken in the Texel, conſiſting of 12 ſail of line of battle ſhips. They were convoyed over by his Majeſty's ſhips Glatton, Veteran, Ardent, Belliqueux, Monmouth, Overyſſel, and two Ruſſian ſhips of war. Previous to their departure, many of the Dutch ſailors were inclinable to be refractory, and abſolutely refuſed to aſſiſt in getting up the ſhips anchors; however, a detachment of our gallant tars were ſoon diſtributed on board the reſpective ſhips, and Admiral Mitchell judged it neceſſary to ſend a ſufficient force to ſee them ſafe to the Nore. The Waſhington is a remarkable fine ſhip, of 74 guns, was never before at ſea, and ſails faſter than any ſhip in the fleet.

The Ambuſcade Dutch frigate, of 32 guns, came over with the above ſhips, but proceeded to Yarmouth Roads.

Prior to the ſhips before mentioned leaving the Texel, the marines were landed from all the Engliſh ſhips to do garriſon duty, to enable the regular troops to join the main army.

The Hereditary Prince of Orange has joined the army. His Highneſs viſited the fleet on Sunday laſt, and was ſaluted by all the ſhips.

Such of the Dutch ſailors who declared for the Stadtholder, were drafted out of the reſpective ſhips before the fleet ſailed.

A great number of Ruſſian troops have landed and joined our forces in Holland.

Alkmaar and Haerlem are expected immediately to ſurrender.

Letter from an officer on board one of the Britiſh ſhips in the Texel, is as follows:

"Texel, September 9.

"Our fleet, together with the Ruſſian and Dutch ſhips, are at preſent lying here, all at anchor. Late laſt evening the young Prince of Orange arrived here, in one of our frigates, from Hamburgh—and early this morning every ſhip in the harbour gave him three cheers, and the men of war ſaluted him eleven guns each. Soon after he landed, and (accompanied by Admiral Mitchel and ſeveral officers) walked to the Helder town; while the inhabitants crowded from all parts to ſee him, ſhouting, "Long leven de Prins van Orange!" All the people had orange cockades pinned to their ſides.

"Our army is now entrenched cloſe to Alkmaar, and has been joined by 700 Dutch volunteers, and 2000 Engliſh ſeamen, belonging to the ſhips in the Texel; and I make no doubt that Alkmaar and Amſterdam will both ſoon be in poſſeſſion of the Britiſh army. The troops are all in high ſpirits, and exceedingly orderly; ſcarcely any of them are ſeen intoxicated, though ſtrong liquors are remarkably cheap. Major Campbell, of the 20th regiment of foot, with his company, has been left to take care of the Texel Iſland, where you will ſcarcely meet a ſingle perſon, Dutch or Britiſh, without an Orange cockade."

HAGUE—SEPT. 3.

General Brune has written the following letter to the Municipality of Amſterdam:

"Magiſtrates of the people of Amſterdam,

"An infinity of reports have been propagated in conſequence of the landing of the Engliſh. That event has added numbers and ſtrength to the Orangiſts and French emigrants. Magiſtrates of the Batavian people! Behold the ſhades of Van Tromp, De Witt, De Ruyter, and Barneveld, burſt through their ſacred tombs, that you may be animated by the ſpirit, and denounce death againſt thoſe who are traitors to their country.—Guard yourſelves againſt French emigrants: Oppoſe yourſelves to the impious attempts of Orangiſts; unite with the Batavian people, and ſtand your ground againſt the Engliſh. "BRUNE."

"P. S. I wiſh that this letter may be publiſhed in the French and Dutch languages."

The Municipality, in anſwer to the above, declared that they would do their utmoſt to promote the wiſhes of the General.

This day a round of the great guns was fired from the Caſtle to announce the victory in India.

The London mail did not arrive here this morning till after eight o'clock. It was brought to town in a poſt chaiſe, the mail coach having broke down near Haddington.

On Saturday, Mr DAVID LINDSAY, ſen. was elected Deacon of the Skinners.

On the 12th curt. the Sheriff of Lanarkſhire ſentenced a weaver in Glaſgow, to perpetual baniſhment from the county, under the certification of whipping in caſe of, and as often as he ſhould return, for ſtealing two bundles of cotton yarn from a wheel-barrow in Hutcheſon ſtreet, Glaſgow.

The following curious wager is now depending between Sir George Murray and Colonel Smyth. Each gentleman is to drive his curricle and pair of horſes, in the uſual harneſs, &c. from London to Bath, and back again, without a whip, who arrives firſt in London, for 200 guineas. It is to be determined in the month of October. Colonel Smyth is ſaid to be the favourite.

JAMIE THOMSON, THE POET.

TO THE
PRINTER OF THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

SIR,

HAVING ſome time ago read in your paper a ſhort account of JAMIE THOMSON, weaver at Kenleith, a village in the vicinity of Edinburgh, accompanying a ſpecimen of his poetical talents, and ſome more of his effuſions ſince, I was much ſtruck with the merit of the verſes, and determined to viſit the dwelling of this humble bard; and from what I myſelf ſaw, and have learned from others, I think it my duty to bring him into public view.

At the door of his cottage I ſaw a decent-looking woman, whom I found to be his wife, fondling two little children, and upon aſking if JAMIE was at home, ſhe invited me to enter. I found this votary of the Muſes buſy at his loom; but on obſerving me, he ceaſed working, and with ruſtic civility requeſted me to ſit down. Though not a phyſiognomiſt, I am ſometimes led to judge of a man by his appearance—THOMSON ſtruck me forcibly the moment I ſaw him; and had LAVATER been in my ſituation, I cannot think he would have paſſed him unnoticed. His countenance is ſtrongly marked, expreſſive, and pleaſing; his aſpect beſpeaks open benignity and honeſt ſimplicity; his eyes penetrating and full of fire, are the mirrors of genius reflecting a mind vigorous and profound; his hair dark, long, and thick, hanging looſe about his ſhoulders, gives him a primitive and ſolemn look; his figure, about the middle ſize, has a kind of correſponding ſolemnity; and though ſtill in the prime of life, he looks a man in the vale of years, ſtealing with placid ſerenity to age.

He told me he had received no regular education, and had been taught to read by ſome old woman, who learned him his native dialect in great purity. He can write the letters tolerably well, but he has not the ſmalleſt idea of orthography. One would ſuppoſe a man like this to be ignorant in the extreme; but his mind, ſtrong and energetic, ſtored with ideas drawn from the book of nature, improved by reflection, and wandering, though with tardy ſteps, in queſt of knowledge, has reſcued him from that ſtate of utter ignorance to which the peaſant is doomed—hence his converſation, though circumſcribed, is entertaining and ſenſible. He is ſilent where topics are ſtarted which he does not underſtand, and not impertinently loquacious on ſubjects on which his thoughts have been employed.

After having converſed with him for ſome time, I aſked him to repeat a few verſes, which he readily did, and ſhowed me ſeveral in manuſcript. I will not enter into a critique upon his poetical productions, but without ſaying too much, I may pronounce him to be one of the original geniuſes of the day. If faithfully to delineate the beauties of nature, and to heighten her charms by the powers of deſcription; if ſublimity of thought, with force of expreſſion; if tenderneſs of ſentiment, with ſimplicity of language, be ingredients in the art of poetry, to this low and unlettered ſon of poverty the name of POET belongs, and to his works the reward of merit is due.

To the unblemiſhed character of this ſimple bard I found the inhabitants and the clergyman of the pariſh bore the moſt ample teſtimony. Beſides his profeſſion of a weaver, he is fiddler, barber, and phyſician to the village, and has endeared himſelf to the inhabitants, not more by his uſefulneſs in theſe various characters, than by his inoffenſive manners, and exemplary conduct.

The blaſts of poverty, the oppreſſion of toil, the ranklings of care, cannot repreſs that ſoul which virtue has warmed and genius inſpired. THOMSON is burdened with a young and a numerous offspring; the duties of a huſband and a father are ever before his eyes, and he maintains his family in a manner ſuited to his ſtation by patient induſtry, and aſſiduous labour. From the riſing to the ſetting ſun he plies at his loom, but, when the ſhades of evening deſcend, he retires to ſilence and ſolitude to forget the fatigues of the day; ſeated in a bower he has made among the bruſhwood that ſhadows the banks of a ſmall brook that runs hard by his cottage, he holds converſe with the muſes; and, having recreated his mind in the regions of fancy, he returns to his home chearful and contented, to enjoy domeſtic happineſs, and peaceful repoſe.

Such is the ſimple tenor of THOMSON's life, which I have laid before the public, that honeſt merit may meet with its reward, and that genius may be drawn from obſcurity. I am happy to find that he has met with ſome gentlemen in this city who have undertaken to patroniſe him, and I hear a ſubſcription is about to be opened for publiſhing the poetical works of this ingenious weaver, which I hope will meet with that ſupport and encouragement which they ſo well deſerve.

I am, Sir,
Your moſt obedient and humble ſervant,

EDINBURGH—Sept. 5. EUGENIUS.

SLAVES IN THE EAST.

The late Sir WILLIAM JONES, who ſo peculiarly diſtinguiſhed himſelf as a judicial and literary character, actively exerted himſelf to ameliorate the unhappy condition of ſlaves in thoſe provinces over which he preſided. The following extract from one of his charges to a Grand Jury on this ſubject, will be found intereſting, as well for the information it conveys, as the benevolence of its ſentiments:

I conſider ſlaves as ſervants under a contract, expreſs or implied, and made either by themſelves, or by ſuch perſons as are authoriſed by nature or law to contract for them, until they attain a due age to cancel or confirm any contract that may be diſadvantageous to them: I have ſlaves, whom I have reſcued from death or miſery, but conſider them as other ſervants, and ſhall certainly tell them ſo, when they are old enough to comprehend the difference of the terms.

Slaves, then, if ſo we muſt call them, ought not to be treated more ſeverely than ſervants by the year or by the month; and the correction of them ſhould ever be proportioned to their offence; that it ſhould never be wanton or unjuſt, all muſt agree. Nevertheleſs, I am aſſured from evidence, which, though not all judicially taken, has the ſtrongeſt operation on my belief, that the condition of ſlaves within our juriſdiction is beyond imagination deplorable; and that cruelties are daily practiſed on them, chiefly on thoſe of the tendereſt age and the weaker ſex, which, if it would not give me pain to repeat, and you to hear, yet, for the honour of human nature, I ſhould forbear to particulariſe; if I except the Engliſh from this cenſure, it is not through partial affection to my own countrymen, but becauſe my information relates chiefly to people of other nations, who likewiſe call themſelves Chriſtians.

Hardly a man or woman exiſts in a corner of this populous town, who hath not at leaſt one ſlave child, either purchaſed at a trifling price, or ſaved perhaps from a death, that might have been fortunate, for a life, that ſeldom fails of being miſerable; many of you, I preſume, have ſeen large boats filled with ſuch children coming down the open river for ſale at Calcutta; not can you be ignorant, that moſt of them were ſtolen from their parents, or bought, perhaps, for a meaſure of rice in a time of ſcarcity, and that the ſale itſelf is a defiance of this Government, by violating one of its poſitive orders, which was made ſome years ago, after a conſultation of the moſt reputable Hindoos in Calcutta, who condemned ſuch a traffick, as repugnant to their Saſtra.

The number of ſmall houſes in which theſe victims are pent, makes it indeed very difficult for the ſettlement at large to be apprized of their condition; and if the ſufferers knew where or how to complain, their very complaints may expoſe them to ſtill harſher treatment; to be tortured, if remanded, or, if ſet at liberty, to ſtarve. Be not, however, diſcouraged by the difficulty of your inquiries; your vigilance cannot but ſurmount it; and one great example of a juſt puniſhment, not capital, will conduce more to the prevention of ſimilar cruelties, than the ſtrongeſt admonition or ſevereſt verbal reproof.

Should the ſlave-holders, through hardneſs of heart, or confidence in their places of concealment, perſiſt in their crimes, you will convince them, that their puniſhment will certainly follow their offence, and the moſt hardened of them will, no doubt, diſcontinue the conteſt. Here again I may ſafely promiſe you, that whatever the Court can do in terminating this evil, will cheerfully be done; and if our concurrent labour ſhould yet be found ineffectual, I confidently perſuade myſelf, that ſuch regulations of Government will be adopted on our recommendation, as cannot fail of inſuring future protection to the injured, ſupport to the weak, and ſome conſolation at leaſt to the wretched; but I once more adjure you to diſmiſs theſe obſervations from your mind, when you deliberate on the act of homicide, to conſider them ſolely at acts of cruelty, which make life miſerable without cauſing the loſs of it; and to find ſuch bills as you cannot avoid finding, according to the whole evidence before you, and to your opinion, after our directions, of the law reſulting from it.

—MARRIED—

At Kilmurry, Ireland, the ſeat of Thomas Grant, Eſq. on Thurſday the 5th inſt. Major GRANT of the 42d regiment, to Miſs ODELL, only daughter of the late John Odell, Eſq. of Odell Lodge.

—DIED—

At Edinburgh on the 11th curt. Mrs CHRISTIAN ALEXANDER, ſpouſe of Mr Peter Martin, Briſto Street.

—BIRTH—

Mrs CUNNINGHAM GRAHAM of Gartmore, was ſafely delivered of a ſon, on Saturday the 15th curt.

LLOYD's MARINE LIST—Sept. 13.

THE Barwell Indiaman, arrived at Plymouth, left St Helena the 6th July, in company with the Cornwallis, Tellicherry, Triton, and Armenia, from India, and parted them off the Western Islands.

The Union, Leyson, from Falmouth to the West Indies, is got into Mount's Bay with damage after being on the Manacle Rocks.

The Elizabeth, Christina, Theel, from Messina, is taken and carried into Malaga.

The Diana, Clark, from New York to Havannah, is taken and carried into New Providence.

The Venus, Smith, from Dysart to the Baltic, has been run down and sunk near Gottenburgh.

The Sarah, Shaw, from Falmouth to the West Indies, is on shore on the Manacle, and it is feared will be lost, with most of the cargo.

WINDS AT DEAL.

Sept. 10. N. E.—11, E. S. E.—12, ditto.

MAILS.

Arrived——Ireland, 7.—Hamburgh, 2.—Halifax 1.—Lisbon, 1.
Due——Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 0.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH.—

Sept. 14. Nelly, Harrow, from Bremen, goods—Unity, Collier, from Petersburgh, ditto—George and Margaret, Morrison, from Dantzic, wheat.

—CLEARED OUT.—

—— 12. Richmond, Robertson, for London—William and Nicholas, Watt, for Montroſe—Sprightly, Taylor, for London—Berwickshire Packet, Cummings, for ditto—Newcastle Packet, Caithness, for Dundee, all with goods.

Wind N. N. W. moderate.

Sept. 16. This morning arrived at Leith, the Resolution Captain Storey, from St Petersburg, with 205 casks of tallow; 70 casks of ashes; 37 bales of hemp; 439 bobbins of flax; 1134 bars of iron; for Ramsay, Williamson, and Co.

—LONDON—

ENTERED INWARDS.

Sept 11. Montrose, Betty, Ord—Aberdeen, Lady Salton, Nicoll.

CLEARED OUTWARDS.

—— 11. Berwick, Betsey, Ord; Union packet, Paterson—Leith, Tweed packet, Ord; Leith packet, Scott; John, M'Arthur—Bo-ness, Polly, Honeyman.

GOLFING AT ST ANDREWS.

THE SILVER CLUB is to be played for over the Links of St Andrews, upon Wednesday the 2d day of October next.

There will be a Ball on Friday the 4th as usual.

STRAW HATS.

GILCHRIST & CO. beg leave to acquaint the LADIES, That they have just got to hand a large and well selected Aſſortment of STRAW HATS of every deſcription. FANCY FLOWERS and FEATHERS. Alſo, a few Pieces of very beautiful ORANGE MUSLINS and CALICOES, the preſent rage in London.

GALLERY OF FASHION,
High Street, September 16. 1799.

SCALE SUGARS,

In great variety,

ON Sale at WALKER, THOMSON, and Co.'s; alſo, AMERICAN POT ASHES, firſt ſort.

Leith, Sept. 16. 1799.

NOTICE TO COALMASTERS.

LEFT the Coalworks of BARACHNEY, in the neighbourhood of Glaſgow, the under-named Colliers, viz.

Henry Ratler, ſen.	James Syme,
Henry Ratler, jun.	Tho. Beveridge,
Robert Hunter,	AND
David Hunter,	John Hunter.

As theſe men are under very particular engagements, it is expected no Coalmaſter will keep them in their employment after this public intimation, and whoever detains them in their ſervice after this notice, will be proſecuted in terms of law.—General warrants for apprehending them are iſſued, and a Reward of FIVE GUINEAS is hereby offered to any perſon who will give information where any of them is working; and any information leading to a diſcovery ſent to Mr Hamilton of Barachney, will be duly attended to and the reward paid.

BARACHNEY, Sep. 14. 1799.

A RUNNING SHIP FOR JAMAICA,

AT LEITH.

THE ROSELLE,

DAVID GUALEY Maſter,

Is now taking in goods at Leith for Kingſton, Jamaica, and having obtained a licenſe from the Admiralty, will ſail without convoy beginning of next month.

The Roſelle is furniſhed with Letters of Marque, well armed, copper bottomed, a faſt ſailer, and has good accommodation for paſſengers.——Apply to the owners,

WM. SIBBALD & CO.

N. B.—Clerks, Mechanics, People bred to Country Work, and Tradeſmen in general, may go by this veſſel on favourable terms. *Leith, Sept. 1799.*

*** The MORELAND, for Old Harbour, and the LADY FORBES, for Martha Brea, will ſail in November.

NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Parish of Rosemarkie, and Town of Fortrose.

James Fowler, Esq. from Jamaica	L. 20	0	0
Mrs Fowler	5	5	0
And. Miller, Esq. of Kincairdry	5	5	0
Mr Rob. Douglas, baillie of Fortrose	5	5	0
The Rev. Mr Wood	5	5	0
Mrs Wood	2	2	0
Capt. Murchison	1	11	6
Mrs Alex. M'Kenzie	1	1	0
Mrs M'Kenzie of Newton	1	1	0
Mr Alex. M'Comie, schoolmaster	1	1	0
Mr Dav. Davidson, merchant	1	1	0
Other subscriptions	48	16	6
	67	4	6

Town and Parish of Tain.

The Town	L. 25	1	0
The Guildry	21	0	0
Geo. Murray, Esq. eldest baillie	10	10	0
Dav. Ross, Esq. Milncraig	10	10	6
Alex. Baillie, Esq. of Farrel	5	5	0
Mr Benjamin Ross, merchant	5	5	0
The Rev. Mr M'Intosh	5	5	0
Mrs Miller	3	0	0
Mrs Reed	2	2	0
Mr Wm. Murray	2	2	0
John Barclay, Esq. sheriff substitute	5	5	0
Mr George Mackie, schoolmaster	1	1	0
Mr James Innes of ——	1	1	0
Mr James Robertson, surgeon	1	1	0
Mr David Duff, merchant	1	1	0
Mr Alex. Ross, h. carpenter	1	1	0
Lieut. George Munro	1	1	0
Baillie George Simson	1	0	0
Mrs Lieut. Ross	1	0	0
Other subscriptions	17	8	6
	221	0	0

Parish of Tarbat.

The officers, non-commissioned officers, of the Tarbat Volunteers, one month's pay, and the privates, three weeks pay	L. 42	18	0
Donald M'Leod of Geanies, besides his assessed taxes and subscriptions as a volunteer	26	5	0
The Rev. Mr George Balfour	5	5	0
Capt. David Ross of Kindaie	5	5	0
Lieut. Ross, besides his subscription as a volunteer	1	1	0
Lieutenant Colin M'Kenzie, ditto, ditto	1	0	0
Mr John Gally, Wilkhaven	1	0	0
Other subscriptions	28	8	0
	91	2	0

Parish of Urquhart.

John Grant, Esq. factor for Culloden	L. 6	6	0
The Rev. Mr Cha. Calder	5	5	0
William Rose at Dunvornie	1	1	0
Mrs Simpson at Balnaloch	1	0	0
Wm. Robertson, Dunvornie	1	1	0
Wm. Foimie, Teafrish	1	1	0
Other subscriptions	30	17	0
	46	11	0

Parish of Urray.

The Right Hon. Lord Seaforth	L. 100	0	0
Tho. M'Kenzie, Esq. of Ord	10	10	0
Geo. Gillanders, Esq. of Highfield	8	8	0
Alex. M'Kenzie, Esq. younger of Ord	5	5	0
The Rev. Mr John Downie	3	3	0
John Gillanders, Esq. younger of Highfield	2	2	0
Lord Seaforth's servants	45	2	6
Other subscriptions	21	18	0
	196	8	6

Parish of Stornoway.

The Commissioned, non-commissioned officers and privates of the Stornoway corps of volunteers, per Major Iver their commander	L. 63	0	0
Major Iver's private subscription	10	10	0
Lieut. John M'Kenzie, half pay 73d, of the Stornoway volunteers	3	3	0
Mr John M'Donald, merchant, of the volunteers	2	2	0
The Rev. Mr Colin M'Kenzie	8	8	0
Mr Geo. Wyllie, surveyor of customs	5	5	0
Mr R. M'Iver, jun. merchant	4	4	0
Mr John Miller, surgeon	2	2	0
Mr Dav. M'Iver, jun. merchant	2	2	0
Mr John M'Leod and son, merchants	2	2	0
Miss Mary M'Kenzie	1	1	0
Mr George M'Kenzie, sen. merchant	1	1	0
Mr Wm. Morrison, shipmaster	1	1	0
Mr Alex. Wyllie, ditto	1	1	0
Mr Alex. Nicolson, merchant	1	1	0
Mr George M'Kenzie, ditto	1	1	0
Mr George Guilanders, tacksman of Salshater	1	1	0
Other subscriptions	32	1	0
The company of Kintail volunteers, per Captain Coll M'Donald	30	0	0
	164	8	0

Parish of Nigg.

Capt. John M'Kenzie of Bayfield	L. 10	10	0
The Rev. Alex. Adam	4	4	0
Other subscriptions	4	14	0
	19	8	0

Subscriptions in the United Parishes of St Andrew's and Deerness in Orkney.

St Andrew's.

Mr James Alison (including assessed taxes)	L. 1	15	0
Mr James Mowat	1	0	0
The Rev. Cha. Alison (including assessed taxes)	7	7	0
Miss Stewart Graham; William Smith, tenant; John Maxwell, do.; Wm. Eunson, do.—5s. each	1	0	0
Marg. Loutit, spinster; Wm. Tulloch, miller; Arch. Linay, tenant; Donald M'Beath, do.; James Spence, Robert Smith, Ro. Spence, John Cunson, David Mason—2s. 6d. each	1	2	6
John Linay, tenant; Jas. Hepburn, Jas. Eunson, James Foubister, Magnus Anderson—3s. each	0	15	0
And. Garrioch, tenant; Rob. Foubister, do.; Ro. Smith, do.; David Petrie, feuar; Peter Garrioch, tenant; Geo. Taylor, Jas. Garrioch, Jas. Pelinger, Jas. Wauld, George Mowat, John Flatt, tenant; Wm. Bews, John Smith, Charles Flatt, shoemaker; Rob. Spence, Jas. Tait, tenant; Jas. Linay, ditto; John Garrioch, John Laughton, James Mowat, Rob. Smith, Peter Smith, James Tait, Wm. Groanster, Hugh Corse, John Linay Jas. Odie, Rob. Eunson, John Petrie, James Smith, Wm. Voy, Rob. Eunson, John Smith, tenant; Marg. Linnay, Jas. Spence, Alex. Petrie—1s. 6d. each	2	12	6
John Dreaver, servant to Mr Allison; Isabella Herry, do.; Helen Spence, do.; Marg. Foubister, Rebecca Martin, John Pettrie, cottager; John Flett, do.; Jean Foubister, Barbara Adamson, James Peace, cottager; John Mathes, shoemaker; Barbara Mason, Janet Spence, Helen Mathes, Janet Smith, James Garrioch, D. Spence, Marg. Mowat, Euphemia Spence, Elizab. Groatster, Wm. Smith, John Mathes, John Scott, Janet Smith, John Corrigal, Rob. Eunson, Pet. Eunson, Jo. Spence, Wm. Spence, Marg. Smith, Marg. Spence, Isab. Rendal, Gilbert Saughton, John Mowat, Peter Taylor, tenant; Rob. Grieve, servant; Arthur Laughton, cottager; John Ferth, do.; Jo. Manwick; Wm. Brown, Wm. Petrie—1s. each	2	4	0
Wm. Laughton, sen. W. M. Allison—2s. each	0	4	0
David Garioch, Marg. Linay, Isob. Flett, Barb. Spence, Marjory Wylie, Barbara Flett, Marjory Flett—6d. each	0	3	6
James Smith, taylor; James Foubister, Geo. Eunson, Rob. Matches, and Wm. Leask, tenants; W. Copland, James Clark, Wm. Foubister, Magnus Petrie, John Petrie, Jn. Smith, Jn. Smith, J. Smith, Marg. Sutherland, Henry Nicolson, smith—2s. each	1	10	0

Deerness.

Andrew Skea, tenant; David Allan, do.; Jas. Loutet, do.; Rob. Storr, Mag. Tait—2s. each	0	10	0
Rob. Miller, tenant; George Loutet, schoolmaster—2s. 6d. each	0	5	0
David Cromarty, Gilbert Craigie, John Cormack, Jas. Bichan, Jas. Sterr, Magnus Rich, Edward Bichan, John Viddor, Edward Rich, Edw. Edmond, Tho. Irvine, Jas. Pottinger, Geo. Pottinger, John Deldy, Jas. Cromarty, Gilbert Vidder, David Spence, Robert Loutet, And. Drevar, Wm. Rich, Rob. Matches, Wm. Eunson, John Tait, Wm. Rich, Wm. Leask, Edward Pottinger, And. Sked—1s. each	1	7	0
Tho. Tulloch, Christian Aikin, Marg. Cormack, Urcilla Storr, Marg. Rich, Jean Craigie, Rob. Cormack, Edw. Storr, John Pottinger, Jean Storr, Urcilla Storr, Helen Storr, Isab. Rich, Jean Rich, Helen Irvine, Elizabeth Irvine, Ann Paplay, Isob. Craigie, Jean Tait, Ann Rich, Jas. Tait, Rob. Pottinger, Wm. Loutet, Jean Pottinger, Jean Eunson, Robert Skea, Andrew Skea, Edward Rich, Tho. Irvine—6d each	0	15	0
Robert Rich, John Storr, Wm. Storr, Thomas Foulis, Gilbert Rich, David Trail, Robert Storr, Wm. Smith, Magnus Paplay, Gilbert Rich, Jas. Miller, Robert Bichan, Wm. Storr—1s. 6d. each	0	19	6
	3	16	6
Total in the united parishes	24	0	0

Subscriptions in Trumpan More, &c.

Malcolm M'Caskell, pensioner	L. 0	5	0
John Bethune, tenant	0	1	6
Donald M'Leod, grasskeeper; Donald M'Lean, Donald Bethune, Neil Bane, tenants; Murd. M'Leod, sen.; Murdoch M'Leod, jun.; Malcolm M'Baild, Alex. M'Leod, Norman Chisholm—1s. each	0	9	0
Rory M'Leod	0	4	0

Trumpan Beg.

Alexander M'Leod, Rory Steel, John M'Leod, jun. Hector M'Leod, herd; Don. M'Leod, labourer; John M'Leod, ditto—1s. each	0	6	0

Winnish.

John M'Cuish, Angus M'Lean, John M'Raild, Donald M'Donald, Finlay M'Neil, Ang. Campbell—1s. each	0	6	0
John M'Llean	0	1	0
Rory M'Donald	0	2	0
Rory Martin, Gillin	0	1	8

Haulistra.

John M'Kinnon and son, John M'Leod, senior, John M'Phie, miller; John M'Nab, John MacDermaid, jun. Donald MacNab, John Martin, Angus Bethune, Donald MacNab, senior—2s. each	1	0	0
Ewen Gillies, Ewen M'Lean, John M'Leod, Donald M'Dermaid, Donald Martin, smith—2s. each	0	12	6
Murdoch M'Leod	0	1	6
William M'Nab, Archibald Campbell, John M'Leod, Donald M'Rae, Penstaphin; Donald M'Phie, miller—1s. each	0	6	0

Hallin.

John M'Caskie, Alex. M'Leod, John M'Kinnon, weaver—1s. each	0	3	0

Lusta.

Malcolm M'Kinnon, shoemaker; Lauchlan M'Kinnon do.; Rory Lamont, tenant—2s. 6d. each	0	7	6

Lochbay.

Mrs Major M'Leod	1	1	0
Mr Donald M'Leod	1	1	0
Rory M'Neil	1	1	0
John Forsyth, mason; Alex. M'Kenzie, John M'Ewan—1s. each	0	3	0
Arch. Campbell, John M'Neil, Don. M'Cuish, Angus M'Neil—2s. 6d. each	0	10	0
John Shaw	0	2	6
Donald M'Neil	0	10	6
The Rev. Alex. Bethune, Missionary Minister in Weternish, parish of Duirnish	3	3	0

Subscriptions in the Parish of Abbey, in Berwickshire.

John Turnbull of Abbey	L. 10	0	0
The Rev. John Skedd	1	0	0
James Purves, Quexwood	1	1	0
Adam Landels	1	1	0
John Hunter, Goodscroft	1	1	0
James Denholm, Quexwood; Geo. Pringle, Abbey; J. Dudgeon, John Fairbairn—5s. each	1	0	0
Peter Brown, Quexwood, Peter White—6s. each	0	12	0
Wm. Wilson, Strafountain; Rob. Wightman, Wm. Lillie—1s. 6d. each	0	4	6
Wm. Hunter, Goodscroft	0	10	6
Robert Pringle	0	12	0
George Liddle, Abbey-mill	0	8	0
Peter Calder	0	7	6
John Cockburn, Rob. Trotter, 2s. 6d. each	0	5	0
Alex. Fender, Rob. Smith, John Fortune, Wm. Thomson, Peter Trotter—1s. each	0	5	0
Peter Stevenson	0	10	0
Wm. Barber, Adam Skeldon, Jn. Robertson, Strafountain-mill—2s. each	0	6	0
	19	3	6

Parish of Ayton in Berwickshire.

Alex. Davidson	L. 10	10	0
The Rev. Mr Geo. Home, per Abraham Home	5	5	0
John Cockburn	3	3	0
Alex. Robertson	21	0	0
James Murray	2	2	0
Robert Kerr	2	2	0
John Thomson	1	1	0
Mr Alex. Coupar, Per Rob. Thomson	2	2	0
Jo. Churnside, A. Lyal, And. Wright, Rob. Patterson, John Gibson—10s. 6d. each	2	12	0
Adam Willis	0	2	0
	50	0	0

119l. 9s. 6d. farther was subscribed in this parish, but not paid.

N. B.—A considerable sum was also subscribed in the parish of Buncle, which is not yet paid.

Parish of Channelkirk in Berwickshire.

James Justice, Esq	L. 5	5	0
The Rev. Tho. Murray	3	3	0
Adam Murray, John Thomson, Huntershall—10s. 6d. each	1	1	0
Mrs Scott, Channelkirk; James M'Dougal, schoolmaster; John Somerville, James Waddel, Adam Somerville, Robert Inglis, John Lambert, Ugston; Adam Turnbull, there; Peter Anderson—5s. each	2	5	0
Marg. Brotherstone, Geo. Mercer, Wm. Dalgleish, Geo. Thomson—2s. 6d. each	0	10	0
And. Thomson, mason	0	2	6
John Johnston	0	0	6
Adam Darling, Jas. Henderson, Rigston; Wm. Clark, Lauchlan Grant, Donald M'Bane, Geo. Mitchell, Jn. Girvan, Cha. Laurie, Peggy Girvan, Jean Girvan, D. Campbell, Ugston, Tho. Dick, Glengeet; Ang. Campbell, do.—1s. each	0	13	0
James Mitchell	0	7	6
Alexander Mitchell, Wm. Ranken, David Scott—2s. each	0	6	0
	13	12	6

L. 33 2s. more was subscribed in this parish, which has not been paid.

Subscriptions in the Parish of Chirnside, Berwickshire, besides 31l. 10s. subscribed by Wm. Molle of Mains, at Edinburgh, already published.

Thomas Russel, schoolmaster	L. 1	11	6
Wm. Hogg, tenant, Mains	1	1	0
John Murray	1	10	0
John Wilson, Edington Mains	15	0	0
Elisabeth Wilson	2	0	0
James Wilson	2	0	0
Jean Wilson	1	0	0
David Swanston	1	1	0
James Smith, Ninewells Mains	5	5	0
Wm. Howliston, W. Martin, servant, Mains; Wm. Knox, there; Robert Lidgate, Home Philip, A. Lindores, Peter Simson, ditto; James Hutson, ditto; George Cleesie, James Nisbet, Crowbut; George Cockburn, John Chalmers, Wm. Johnston, James Dods, Wm. Downie, James Richardson, Tho. Watt, Wm. Thomson, Alison Lidgate, Sally Liddle, Robert Lauder, John Robertson, Wm. Home, James Nisbet, sen. Wm. Shepherd, jun. John Brown, Peter Robertson, Wm. Moffat, John Wood, Donald M'Craw, John Home for Thomas Jaffray, Isabel Deans, Jenny Deans, and Katharine Sibbit—1s. each	1	15	0
John Paxton	0	2	0
George Tod, James Wait. Isabel Smith, E. Wallace, John M'Gall—5s. each	1	5	0
James Bonner Edington, Thomas Johnston, James Shiel, Thomas Darling, James Nisbet, David Ewart, Thomas Martin—2s. 6d. each	0	17	6
James Hume, John Armstrong, James Dun, George Thanes, Wm. Lyal, Robert Watson, George Robertson, John Murray, Wm. Robertson, Thomas Darling, sen. George Robertson—6d. each	0	5	6
Margaret Smith	0	3	0
Peter Lawrie, Robert Darling—1s. 6d. each	0	3	0
Thomas Edington	0	6	0
	L. 35	5	0

A considerable part of the sum subscribed in this parish is still unpaid.

Subscriptions in the Parish of Cockburnspath, in Berwickshire.

Thomas Sheriff, tenant	L. 1	1	0
James Weatherly	1	2	0
Thomas Miller, tenant, Linhead	1	1	0
David Weatherly, do. Blackburn	2	2	0
John Sligh	2	2	0
James Aitchison	1	1	0
Peter Chirnside	1	1	0
George Hood, tenant, Bowshill	1	1	0
John Hoy, George Rankine—10s. 6d. each	1	1	0
Ja. Buchanan, schoolmaster; Ja. Russel—5s. each	0	10	0
James Hardy, gardener	0	2	6
	L. 11	3	6

THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS

By the King's Patent.

MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of established repute and extensive sale, respectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to *recommend* but to *distinguish* WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD from spurious imitations.

Five years have now elapsed since Mr Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this short period its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt satisfaction he has the happiness to declare WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD has cured more persons afflicted with *Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach* and other *Painful Maladies*, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unsolicited support and recommendation of the first families in the kingdom

As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of direction of this original medicine are closely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully substituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common observation: Mr Johnston therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchase.

Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, is prepared and sold, in Pills and in a fluid state, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnston, apothecary and chemist, No. 15. Green Street, Soho, London. It is distinguished from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the signature "R. Johnston," in his own hand-writing, on each label; sold also by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38. North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phorson, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixson, Dumfries; M'Intosh & Co. Inverness; Craigie, Montrose; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Mennons and M'Donald, Glasgow.

CHILBLAINS.

N. B. The Fluid Essence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will assuredly prevent them from breaking, evey when turned quite black; and if used according to the directions will absolutely cure them by three or four applications.

By adjournment.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES

On the 19th day of September 1799, between the hours of one and three afternoon, there will be exposed to sale, by public roup, within the house of James Richardson, at Lockerbie,

THE LANDS of BROOMILL, lying in the parish of Lochmaben, and near the burgh. They are bounded partly by the Broomill or Halleath's Lake, and partly by the river Annan and water of Kinnel, in which the tenants exercise their right of fishing salmon and trout, without rent. The extent of these lands is about 262 acres, and they are possessed by four tenants, who pay 120l. of rent, under leases which expire at Whitsunday 1814. They are pleasantly situated, and very improveable. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 171 merks. Along with the lands of Broomill or separately, will be sold, nearly 3 acres of Land, which lie in the Burgh Roods of Lochmaben, and are possessed by Mrs Hoggan and John Millar, and also three Houses and a Yard possessed by Mrs Hoggan, and a House possessed by Robert Jardine, smith.

The lands will be shown by the different tenants; and for further particulars application may be made to William Stewart, at Hillside near Lockerbie, Mr Keith accomptant in Edinburgh, or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title-deeds, and plans of the lands will be shown by Mr Tait.

SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES

In the County of Dumfries.

There will be exposed to sale by public roup, within the house of Mrs Pickarts, at Annan, on the 20th day of September curt. between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock afternoon,

I. THE Ten Pound Land of STAPLETOUN and Teinds thereof, lying in the Parish of Dornock, about two miles distant from Annan. The extent is about 850 Scots acres: it lies compact and has a fine exposure. A great part of the lands is of excellent quality, and the whole very improveable. The present leases, of which there are nine years to run, were let when the lands were entirely open. March fences have now been made, and good farm houses built.

The present rent is 353l. 15s. but at the end of the leases a great rise may be expected.

The lands of Stapletoun hold of the Crown, and by an old retour they are proved to be a ten pound land of old extent, and consequently afford a freehold qualification. They are valued in the cess-books at 490 merks.

II. The Ten Pound Land of ANNAN, and the Lands of SEAFIELD and WALLS, with the Rights of Fishing in the Solway Frith, belonging to them.

The Lands of Seafield and Fishings, as presently possessed by six tenants, (and the leases of which have expired), will be sold in one lot; and the Lands of Walls and Fishings, the lease of which has likewise expired, will be sold in another lot.

The Ten Pound Land of Annan is at present let for 144l. 17s. in several different lots or divisions, the current leases of which, for the most part have four years yet to run; and they will be exposed to sale in the different lots as they are now separately possessed. They are in general substantially inclosed.

III. The following FEU DUTIES of Lands and Houses in and about the town of Annan, viz.

	FEU DUTY.		
The Lands of Mouncies Close,	L. 2	12	9
The Houses possessed by James Elliot	2	15	0
The Houses possessed by the late George Palmer	5	0	0
Houses possessed by William Stewart's Disponees	5	0	0
Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Disponees,	1	0	0
Other Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's Disponees,	2	0	0
Lands, &c. possessed by John Little	3	7	4
House and Yard possessed by John Oliver,	1	15	0

IV. Also the SUPERIORITIES of the following Lands and Feu Duties payable for the same, viz.

	FEU DUTY		
Robgill, Broadlee, and Blackyet, in the Parish of Dornock.	L. 13	13	4
These give a freehold qualification on the old extent.			
Dunninghill, in the Parish of Cummertrees,	0	1	14-12
Mossknow and Righeads in the Parish of Kirkpatrick Fleeming,	1	2	2 8-12
Steelhill, Herdhill, or Headhill, ditto,	0	4	1 8-12
Todhill Muir in the Parish of Lochmaben,	4	14	5 4-12
Northfield, Hardriggs, Gullylands, in the Parish of Annan,	0	6	8

The lands will be shewn by the different tenants, and for further particulars application may be made to Mr William Stewart at Hillside near Lockerbie, Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. The articles of roup, title deeds, and plans of the lands will be shewn by Mr Tait.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 11th December, 1799, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of Berry-hole, Lunquhat, Wester Lumbenny, Lochyheads, Mairsland, and others, with the teinds and pertinents of the same, all lying in the parishes of Abdie, Collessie, Auchtermuchty, and Newburgh, and as presently possessed by the following tenants, viz. Berryhole, by John Finlayson; Wester Lumbenny, by Peter Arnot; Lumquhat and Lochyheads by Robert Arnot; and Mairsland, by Andrew Young.

The farm of Lumquhat Mains, will be out of lease at Martinmas next, when a purchaser may enter to the possession thereof.—It contains 200 acres, and is contiguous to the farm of Lochyheads.

The whole of the above lands contain near 900 Scots acres, and the present rent thereof is only about 753l. 8s. Sterling: but as all the lands are capable of great improvement, a considerable rise of rent may be expected at the expiry of the leases.

The whole of the lands hold of the Crown, and afford several Freehold Qualifications in the county of Fife.

There are some old trees on part of the lands, and there are several excellent situations for houses. The lands will be sold either altogether or in such lots as may be most agreeable to purchasers.

The writings and conditions of sale, with rentals, and measurments of the lands, are in the hands of Mr James Walker, W. S. to whom any person wanting further information may apply.

TO BE LET,

And entered to at the seperation of the present crop from the ground 1799,

THE FARM of DUBTOWN, lying in the parish of Brechin and county of Forfar, and in the vicinity of the town of Brechin, and that for seven years and crops *certain* after the term of Whitsunday first 1800, and afterwards a lifetime to be fixed on by the person in possession before expiry of the seven years.

This farms is in good order—consists of 110 acres arrable lands, and 38 acres of pasture, and from its being s nearly situated to the town of Brechin, and about eight miles only from the sea-port town of Montrose, to which there is an excellent turnpike road, there is always a ready market for its produce. The great new line of turnpike road from Edinburgh to Aberdeen through Strathmore, runs along the south extremities of the farm, to which there is easy access from the dwelling house, which, as well as the office houses, is in sufficient repair, and suitable for the accomodation of a genteel family. Twenty one acres of the farm are let to substantial subtenants for the seven years certain of the tack yet to run, and the rents payable by them nearly amount to the gross rent presently payable for the whole farm.—A considerable quantity of Limestones, which are to be had in great abundance and of an excellant quality, at the distance of a few miles from the farm, have been laid upon it this season, of which a tacksman will have the benefit.

And for further particulars application may be made to Mrs Campbell at Dubtown, by Brechin; or to Alexander Davidson, writer in Brechin.

LANDS IN ARGYLE-SHIRE FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the New Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 2d day of October next, between one and two o'clock in the afternoon,

THE LANDS and VILLAGE of LOCHGILPHEAD; the Lands of Upper Drum, Nether Drum, Fernoch, Auchinbreck, Duppine, and Blasbuy, lying in the parish of Glassy, and shire of Argyle.

The lands are presently set at near 500l. a-year; but severa leases being soon to expire, and the lands being very improveable, abounding in limestone and turf, a considerable rise in the rental may very soon be expected.

There are two beautiful situations for Mansion-houses on the lands, a part of which are on the banks of the Crinan Canal, and the whole of them very near it. There are no feus granted in the village of Lochgilphead, the houses there being built on leases of 19, 38, or 57 years, according to their value and dimensions. Several packets ply regularly between Clyde and Lochgilphead, and goods may be landed there free of canal dues. The village is reckoned one of the most thriving in the West Highlands, and is unquestionably the best situation for trade, or the introduction of manufactures. The price will be taken by three yearly instalments.

For rentals, and further particulars, application may be made to John Moir, W. S. Edinburgh, to John Campbell, writer in Inveraray, or to the proprietor

ESTATE IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF GLASGOW

To be SOLD by public roup, in the course of the month of October next,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of JORDANHILL, with the Mansion-house, Offices, and Garden thereto belonging, delightfully situated about four miles to the westward of Glasgow, within the parish and sheriffdom of Renfrew.

A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION in the County of Renfrew will be sold at the same time, either along with the estate or separately, as may suit intending offerers.

The place and day of sale, and farther particulars, shall be afterwards advertised. In the mean time application may be made to Messrs Dundas ond Robertson, clerks to the signet.

ESTATE OF CRAILING—ROXBURGHSHIRE.

THIS well-known, valuable, and compact ESTATE will be exposed to SALE by public roup (unless previously disposed of by private bargain), in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the 25th day of November, at six o'clock afternoon; if not then sold, it will afterwards be put up in lots. The present rent is 2127l. 3s. One of the principal farms is now out of lease, and two more will be so in 1800, on which a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected. The Estate consists of 2196 acres, and there is a very considerable quantity of valuable and thriving wood of various kinds, some of which, particularly near the house, is very old and large.—The lands hold of the Crown, and are of sufficient valuation to afford twelve freehold qualifications; and being situated within three miles of Jedburgh and six of Kelso, possess great convenience for markets, &c. The great post-roads from Kelso to Jedburgh and Hawick run through the middle of the lands. A considerable part of the purchase money may remain in the hands of the purchaser.

For further particulars application may be made at the proprietor at Crailing House, by Jedburgh, or to Robert Trotter, Esq. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds, rental, plan, and measurements may be seen. The gardener at Crailing House will show the lands and boundaries.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, in the course of next winter, the day of Sale to be afterwards advertised,

THE LANDS of ASHFIELD, or LARGNAHUNSHEON, with the whole Islands and Pertinents, lying in the parish of North Knapdale, and shire of Argyle. The lands lie contiguous, and are situated on the west coast of Argyleshire, and on the east side of the arm of the sea called Lochsween, within five miles of the Crinan Canal. The arable ground, which is of considerable extent, is of good quality, and the hill ground, which is very extensive, stretching out about three miles from the shore, affords excellent pasture, equally adapted for sheep or black cattle. The shore, which extends about three miles alongst Lochsween, produces considerable quantities of sea ware, fit for kelp or manure. The fences are in good order, as are part of the office-houses, which have been lately built.

The lands are at present let to substantial tenants, on leases which expire at Whitsunday 1805. The nett rent, after deducting the public burdens, is about 173l.; but on the expiry of the present leases a very considerable rise may be expected. Besides a very extensive natural wood, which is fit for cutting, there are on this estate several thriving and well inclosed plantations of fir, and other timber, about eighteen years old, of which the present value is 545l. The lands abound with black and red game, and roes are to be found in the woods. In Lochsween there are abundance of all kinds of sea fish, and several oyster banks.

The upset price will be 5218l. 16s. 8d.

Persons wishing to view the lands may apply to John Campbell, tenant in Ashfield, or the wood-keeper; and for further particulars application may be made to William Parker, banker, Kilmarnock; Thomas Kebble, writer, Paisley; Colin Campbell, writer, Inverary; or Thomas Adair, clerk to the signet.

LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 2d day of October next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of LOCHTON, lying in the parish of Kingsbarns.

This property is beautifully situated about a mile north from Crail, upon the post road to St Andrew's, and commands a fine prospect of the Frith, and neighbouring country.

It consists of about 199 acres, of which 60 acres are laid out in very thriving plantations, chiefly hard wood. The remainder is inclosed and subdivided, and possesses excellent situations for a mansion-house, with a view to which the inclosing and plantations have been formed.

Being in the natural occupation of the proprietor, the purchaser will get possession at or before Martinmas. Lime to the amount of 500l. Sterling has been laid upon the lands, in the course of the last six years; and there is at present a considerable field in summer fallow, proposed to be sown into wheat, there being plenty of manure upon the ground.

These lands hold of a subject superior; but a freehold qualification in the county will be exposed along with them, if desired.

The Crop and Stocking on said Lands, consisting of wheat, barley, oats, beans, and hay, with draught horses, and some excellent young cattle, will be sold by public roup. The day of sale to be afterwards advertised.

Mr Cowan, at Kippo, or the Overseer, at Lochton, will show the Lands; and for particulars apply to John Moir, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.